

Series MC soft start valves

Ports G1/4, G3/8 and G1/2 Modular



- » Safety function to maintain the command sequence
- » Opening of the main seat at about 50% of the inlet pressure

Series MC soft start valves are used to avoid damages to people or equipment when pressurising pneumatic systems containing cylinders.

The features of these components allow to pressurise an equipment up to 50% of the indicated pressure, after which 100% is reached rapidly.

The usual location of the soft start valve is after the FRL unit; in fact the modular design allows for perfect adaptability with all Series MC.

A pressure switch can be mounted into the upper part of the unit after removal of the \$2610 G1/8 plug.

An electrical or presumatic 3 way valve

An electrical or pneumatic 3 way valve should be installed at the bottom of the unit to allow depressurisation.

GENERAL DATA

Construction	modular, compact, poppet type				
Materials	zama, NBR, technopolymer				
Ports	G1/4 G3/8 G1/2				
Weight	Kg 0,275 0,566 0,544				
Mounting	in-line wall or panel mounting (in any position)				
Operating temperature	$-5^{\circ}\text{C} \div 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (with the dew point of the fluid lower than 2°C at the min. working temperature)				
Finishing	enamelled				
Operating pressure	2 ÷ 10 bar				
Nominal flow (determined at 6 bar with Δ P1)	G1/4 = 1850 Nl/min, G3/8 = 4000 Nl/min, G1/2 = 4350 Nl/min				
Fluid	compressed air				



CODING EXAMPLE

MC	2	02	-	AV
MC	SERIES			
2	SIZE: 1 = G1/4 2 = G3/8 - G1/2			
02	PORTS: 04 = G1/4 38 = G3/8 02 = G1/2			
AV	AV = SOFT START VALVE			

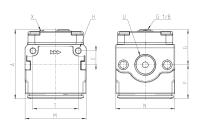
Soft start valve Series MC

X-

X = adjustment screw

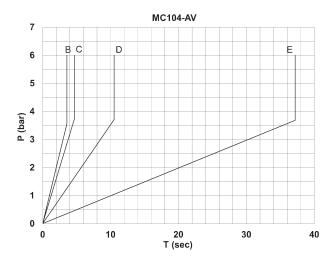
AVP1 = Soft start valve

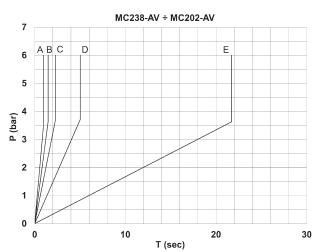




DIMENSIONS										
Mod.	Α	E	F	G	Н	М	N	T	U	
MC104-AV	58,5	11	28,5	30	4,5	45	45	35	G1/4	
MC238-AV	70	14	34	36	5,5	62	60	46	G3/8	
MC202-AV	70	14	34	36	5,5	62	60	46	G1/2	

DIAGRAMS FOR PRESSURISATION TIMES

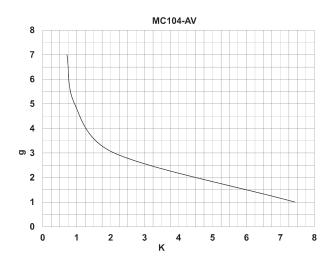


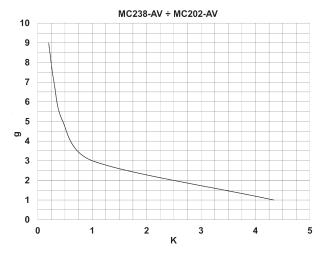


Pressurisation times as to the n° of turns of the regulation screw, with downstream volume of 5 litres. A = 5 turns - B = 4 turns - C = 3 turns - D = 2 turns - E = 1 turn. "K" = n° of turns of the regulation screw required to obtain the required pressurisation time with an inlet pressure of 6 bar. Variations of the inlet pressure can cause deviations of the pressure time by \pm 20%. K = t/V where: V = volumeof the downstream system in litres; t = desired pressuring time in seconds.

Pressurisation times as to the n° of turns of the regulation screw, with downstream volume of 5 litres. A = 9 turns - B = 7 turns - C = 5 turns - D = 3 turns - E = 1 turn. "K" = n° of turns of the regulation screw required to obtain the required pressurisation time with an inlet pressure of 6 bar. Variations of the inlet pressure can cause deviations of the pressure time by \pm 20%. K = t/V where: V = volume of the downstream system in litres; t = desired pressuring time in seconds.

VARIATION IN PRESSURISATION - Example





Example: MC104-AV

V = 5 litres

t = 16 seconds

K = 16/5 = 3,2

g = number of turns

Using in the graph this value K, the number of turns of the regulation screw will be approx. 2,5.

Example: MC238-AV - MC202-AV

V = 5 litres

t = 16 seconds

K = 16/5 = 3,2

g = number of turns

Using in the graph this value K, the number of turns of the regulation screw will be approx. 1,6.